

The Valentine Tea Was Great Success

The Valentine tea and social held in the hall last Thursday evening under the auspices of the Presbyterian Ladies' Aid attracted a large crowd and was very successful. The hall and tables were appropriately decorated for the occasion and waitresses and waiters carried the badge of the day on their arms.

Dinner was served from six to eight o'clock, and if St. Valentine was fed on such delicious meals when he was a martyr under the Roman yoke, Claudius, it is no wonder his name and the day have been immortalized. Nothing was had very little difficulty disposing of them.

After the musical program a number of games were played. The games were arranged for both young and old but no heartily did all join into the spirit of them that it was hard to distinguish which were which. For the time being all were young. Silver locks and rheumatics were forgotten as all together went "Gathering Nuts in May."

On the whole the evening was a most successful and enjoyable one and as a result the ladies are able to show a balance of \$107.00 on the right side of the ledger.

Canada's Pension List is Growing

That there are at the present time 25,000 pensions being paid to soldiers or their relatives in Canada, representing \$5,000,000 people, and that the estimated amount that is expended in the Dominion this year will be \$9,000,000, was the information given by Maj. E. L. Buchanan, travelling representative of the board of pension commissioners. The major is making one of his tours of inspection to the western branch offices of the commission.

On Jan. 1 last the pension list, he said, was as follows: Soldiers, 7,243; widows, 4,455; orphans, 3,771; widows mothers, 1,024; invalid fathers, 202; foster parents; 31 grandmothers; 21 aunts; 47; and children, 5,891.

Heated Controversy In British House

The official announcement of the resignation of General Sir William Robertson as chief of the British imperial general staff brings to a head the storm that has for some time been brewing in the political world in the old country in regard to the relations between the war cabinet and the high command of the army, which have been the subject of embittered controversy in the press and among the public.

The forces arraigned against the government have taken a stand in protest against what was described as the "newspaper government" and they openly accuse the premier of having conducted, with the assistance of a certain newspaper group, a campaign against General Robertson and Field Marshal Douglas Haig. The manifestations in the house of commons last week, which were almost of an unprecedented character so early in a new session, were the expression of strong feeling this controversy has evoked, and it seems certain the expression that they will be revived in still more acute form during the present week.

The public and the army hierarchy have given due devotion to their belief in General Robertson and Field Marshal Haig, while to the general public General Sir Henry Wilson, the new chief of staff, is almost unknown.

The charge is put forward in this contest is by no means follow party lines.

American labor's endorsement of war aims as stated by President Wilson and recognizing that the war against Prussianism is a working man's war, is recorded in a declaration issued last Sunday night by the executive council at the close of the seventy-day session at headquarters in Washington.

Local Hockey Boys Lose to the Hais

According to the Medicine Hat News the 9 to 0 score of the hockey match played there last Tuesday evening with the Redcliff seven was no indication of the play or the respective ability of the teams. The Redcliff boys put up a good game and were game to the finish but they appeared to be unable to get wireless connection with the net, after the first period, hence could not locate them in the storm.

At the end of the first period the score was 1 to 0. At the end of the second it was 5 to 2 and at full time 9 to 0 in favor of the Hais.

Huns Starting Another War On Russians

Because of the refusal of Russia to grant all the demands made by Germany and because the German troops which were under way between the two countries, the Germans have started another war on Russia as new things appear to be in the worst state than ever in that country.

Apparently there is to be no cessation in the eastern march of the enemy until the Russian Bolshevik government entirely shakes the throat of the Teutons for a peace "which corresponds with our interests," as expressed by the German foreign minister.

Southern Rumania has been entered by troops from German warships in the Gulf of Riga or from Moon or Gosh Islands, lying off the shore, and a base established from which operations may be carried on against Rumania, an important port on the Gulf of Finland.

The Bolshevik leaders declare that if the German offensive continues they will defend Petrograd with the Red Guard. They believe the pressure has been made by the evacuation of Petrograd.

The Bolsheviks say that this is a new war, not the old war, and that they will present a united front against the Germans. They believe the pressure has been made by the evacuation of Petrograd.

The German troops, having completed the advance toward Pskov, 180 miles southwest of Petrograd, according to Ruter dispatch from Petrograd they also have occupied the city. They believe the pressure has been made by the evacuation of Petrograd.

Huns Try More Air Rids Over London

Six German airplanes attempted to attack London on Saturday night but only one of them succeeded in reaching the capital. This raid dropped one bomb in the southwestern district. One of the German planes fell into the sea. Eleven were killed and four injured in this raid.

On Sunday night London was raided again, a number of bombs being dropped in the city.

Six or seven airplanes took part in the raid on Sunday night. The first few over London dropping bombs in various districts. All the others were turned back.

BRITISH NEARING CITY OF JERICHO.

A further advance of three and one-half miles on a front of seven and three-quarter miles has been made by the British force in Palestine, the war office announced. The British force is now within four miles of Jericho. The operations are being continued.

OPPORTUNITY TO DEVELOP ACANT LAND IN DISTRICT

Should Take Advantage of Government Scheme For Increased Production—Good Land in This District Now Lying Idle

Judging from reports of the convention of the premier now setting in Ottawa there is every indication that it is the intention of all the provinces to undertake on a large scale some scheme whereby the production of food stuffs in Canada is to be pushed to the limit. Tractors to break up new land have been purchased by the government and are to be delivered to farmers at cost. Seed grain has been purchased by the government for distribution to those who are not able otherwise to procure it. These and many other things are being undertaken by the provincial and Dominion governments with the hope of getting every possible acre of land under cultivation in 1918.

This program appeals with special interest to the western provinces, and in no part of the west its progress be more closely followed than right here in the Redcliff district.

It seems to us that the time to which we have long looked forward should now be at hand, and that we are not we take advantage of the opportunity which present themselves depends altogether on the activities and energies put forth by those who are in a position to do so.

If the provincial government is doing all that it can to get the good grain producing land under cultivation and do so with the least possible expense and inconvenience, there is no better place in the province to commence operations than right here in the provincial constituency of Redcliff.

We have not gone thoroughly into the details of this, but we believe that if the provincial government is doing all that it can to get the good grain producing land under cultivation and do so with the least possible expense and inconvenience, there is no better place in the province to commence operations than right here in the provincial constituency of Redcliff.

Germany and Russia Are Still Fighting

German forces are already being concentrated in Ukraine to attack the Bolsheviks, according to a Berlin dispatch to the "Times," and declaring that the active prosecution of the war against the Bolsheviks in northern Russia will be made at a later date.

The German authorities are anxious regarding the rate of German prisoners in northern Russia, whom the Bolsheviks are holding as hostages and who, they say, are being killed if the Bolsheviks are driven to desperation. Germany has already served notices on the Bolshevik authorities that she will enforce reprisals.

Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, has notified Berlin that the Austrian troops must be used against Russia to support any policy which Austria has not approved but only for purposes of self-defense against marauding bands.

Italian Subs are Doing Good Work

The Italian admiralty gives further details of a successful raid by three Italian torpedo boats on the night of February 21 in the Bay of Biscay, near Plymouth, where a large Austrian ship was sunk. The torpedo boats captured the ship and the four vessels which were the objectives of the raid, but one torpedo boat resolutely approached despite the danger of its return and of the fact that it was other torpedo which placed the net and sank the ship.

Good Collection For G.W.V. Association

About a week ago boxes were placed in a number of stores and other places of business in town in which to collect donations for the Great War Veterans' Fund. These boxes were gathered up by Robt. Everett last Tuesday and the amount secured were as follows:

W. Keats	\$4.80
Ed Crowder	5.00
D. McLaughlin	5.00
Jacobson & Hughes	2.00
Royal Bank	1.00
E. Black	1.00
Worts Bros.	1.00
Redcliff Hotel	1.00
Imperial Bank	.84
Drug Store	.54
Redcliff Review	.50
Broadway Store	.48
Blundell's Book Store	.75

Mr. Everett wishes us to thank the donors for allowing the boxes to be placed in their stores and also those who contributed.

Canadians Celebrate Arrival in France

A report from Canadian headquarters in France says: "On the eve of an historic dinner to commemorate the arrival of the first Canadian division in France, three years ago, the Canadians raised the enemy lines near Hill 70 and in front of Lens, capturing a total of ten prisoners and two machine guns. At approximately the same time far south of Marguerite, other Canadians again crossed the enemy lines and took 'No Man's Land' took 13 prisoners and two machine guns, destroyed four trench mortars and bombed both the enemy's front and support lines.

The raid in the Hill 70 sector, which was carried out early last Friday, was supported by a heavy barrage from our artillery, to which the enemy replied with struggling artillery fire. He also offered strong resistance with machine guns and rifle fire, but our veteran troops broke into the line, returning with six prisoners and two machine guns as proof of the success of the operation.

Bad Fire in Montreal Nunnery

One hundred children are believed to have been burned to death in a fire which destroyed the great wing of the Grey nunnery in Montreal. Charred bodies of 41 have been recovered from the ruins and searching parties are continuing for the remainder of the missing.

The wing was occupied partly by returned wounded soldiers and partly by orphan children. All of the soldiers, about 200, are believed to have escaped the flames. Immense quantities of the building, including nuns and nurses, aged or crippled men and women, to the number of more than a thousand.

Russians are Now Fighting Each Other

Kiev, one of the principal cities of Ukraine, was captured by the Bolsheviks on Friday after sanguinary fighting. The streets were filled with dead or wounded. While the fighting was at its height on Thursday the city was bombarded by Bolshevik aviation.

Polish troops have defeated the Bolsheviks at Bobruisk, 85 miles southeast of Minsk. Other Poles are advancing toward Brest-Litovsk. Bolsheviks control the Akkerman district of Bessarabia, and are threatening Odessa.

Bakers Loaf Must Weigh 20 Ounces

On and after the first day of March, 1918, no baker shall make bread, pastry or other bakery products from wheat flour other than the standard loaf prescribed in Food Control orders numbered eleven and fifteen. (Without written permission from the Food Control Board.)

Convention of Premiers Doing Good Work

The convention of provincial premiers now in session at Ottawa, are taking up many matters which, when in operation, will mean that Canada will take a more prominent part in the carrying on of the great war now in progress. Among some of the matters decided on by the convention are as follows:

To plant this spring every acre possible of wheat, oats, barley and rye. To bring into cultivation every acre possible of new land for crop in 1918. To increase cattle, hogs and sheep to the greatest possible extent. To secure cultivation of gardens and vacant lots in towns and cities with a view to raising the maximum amount of food for the war effort. To be accomplished through municipal or existing organizations in such a manner as will insure proper supervision. To secure the most economical standing small towns and villages to raise one crop through the season with a view to utilizing all garbage for food.

Provincial governments to see that the proper quantity of seeds is obtained and distributed in their provinces; to undertake the work of assistance to the provinces which may be required by their farmers in order to secure in 1918 the breaking of a definite increased acreage of new land near them, which normally is broken for next year's crop.

Assistance of provincial governments to the federal government for tractors and forwarding same to the Canada Food Board, Ottawa.

Assistance of the provinces through their educational department to help 'teen age boys available by providing that those who work on farms should be given the opportunity of standing through absence from school.

Co-operation by provincial governments in the work of obtaining 'teen age boys for farm labor by means of lectures in public and high schools to demonstrate the necessity of helping the country through the war effort by provincial governments to be invited to secure voluntary enrollment in cities, towns and villages of persons able to work on the land.

U.S. Troops Now In The Fighting

American troops in France are now in three sectors—on their own line of the Meuse and with the French in Champagne and on one of the most famous battlefields in the world, where ruined villages and the devastated country generally tell the tale of hard fought battles and where the German have showed forward their latest country generally tell the tale of hard fought battles and where the French, Stories from the front by the Associated Press, tell of the intrepidity of the Americans in trench raiding operations, of their coolness under fire and in returning the fire, the accuracy of the aim of the gunners and the intense watchfulness at observation posts to see that the enemy obtained no advantage in a surprise attack. The only criticism thus far heard regarding the Americans is their desire to be up and at the enemy. Like their brothers of the north—the Canadians—they are hard on the enemy. As one of the distinguished French officer expressed it, "they are too anxious to get at grips with the enemy."

Must Have License To Sell Bread Now

On and after the 1st day of March, 1918, no person, firm or corporation shall be licensing or doing business as a monthly retail manufacturer, baker, or other bakery products for sale without first obtaining from the Food Control Board a license. (Without written permission from the Food Control Board.)

An additional \$50,000,000 was placed to the credit of Italy by Secretary McAdoo, bringing the total of American loans to that country to \$500,000,000 and the total of American credits to the allied nations to \$4,754,000,000.

THE REDCLIFF REVIEW

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THURSDAY, FEB. 21, 1918.

GET POSTED.

Now that an agreement has been reached between the United States government and the British and Canadian governments whereby each of the governments concerned may apply the draft law to any subject of the different countries now living in that country, we would advise all concerned to familiarize themselves with conditions and voluntary submission to the requirements. We offer this advice so that all concerned may save themselves embarrassment and inconvenience, as we are assured that the new law will be enforced to the letter.

There are scores of young men both in Canada and the United States who have thus far been able to evade the draft laws of both countries by moving over the international boundary and claiming they were citizens of the other country. In future this will not work, and already the mounted and provincial police are getting a line on all such in this country. Those who do not voluntarily comply with the Military Service Act in Canada will be treated as deserters and will be dealt with accordingly.

THE BAND.

The Redcliff Citizens' Band is giving a concert and dance in the Empress Theatre next Thursday evening. The object in this evening's entertainment is to secure funds with which to purchase uniforms for the band boys.

This simple announcement ought to be sufficient to guarantee one of the largest crowds ever assembled on any occasion in Redcliff. We all will admit that a town the size of this should have a band. We have now a start on that promise to be a band that will be a credit to the town. We have a capable leader and the members are taking a keen interest in the practices, the results of which will be seen at the concert. This being the case they should get all the support and encouragement our people can give them. Let us give them a bumper house next Thursday.

CALL FOR TEACHERS.

The Department of Education at Edmonton is now advertising in the daily papers for 1,000 teachers. Owing to the number of enlistments in the teaching profession in this province there is a great scarcity of teachers, and the department is asking that all married women who hold teacher's certificates of any kind, and all single ladies who have given up teaching for some other line of work, render all possible assistance in helping to solve this problem.

At this time when there is a possibility of the education of the children in various parts of province being neglected because of conditions, there is a national duty devolving upon all who can in any way help solve the problem.

The situation calls for the united action of all school boards working in connection with the Department of Education so that teachers volunteering their services may be placed in schools

located conveniently enough to allow them to carry on any other obligations which they may have.

WHERE WILL IT END.

Ever since the commencement of the war Russia has been the country which has furnished most of the sensations. In the early days of the war her accession of retreats followed by renewed offensives in which the great bear almost always gained a few leaps, kept the pot of excitement and uncertainty continually boiling. Then, when everything appeared to be coming her way, and Russia was beginning to be considered a great factor in bringing the struggle to a successful finish, came the revolution. From that time on things kept going from bad to worse. One sensation after another followed in rapid succession, each twenty-four hours bringing forth something new and entirely unexpected. This has been going on for over two years now and still Russia has not exhausted her repertoire in the sensation line. New governments have sprung into existence and appeared to have lasted only over night, and yet the picture is not in sight. At one time Grand Duke Nicholas is to be the man who is to lead the czarless country to victory and tranquility. At another it is Kerensky; then the workmen and soldiers league, then Trotsky and then the Bolsheviks. Various forms of government have been tried and all have gone by the boards but the trouble with all of them—with the possible exception of Kerensky—seems to have been that they tried to please everybody in order to keep in power and overlooked the general good of the country as a whole, and, as a result, pleased nobody.

From all accounts Russia today is in a worse condition than ever she was. Her supposed peace negotiations with Germany have shown that the pusillanimous Huns were only playing with them as a cat plays with a mouse, waiting the opportunity to get them off their guard and then pounce on them with all force. This, the Huns have apparently succeeded in doing and today Russia not only has a civil war on her hands but has entered into what Trotsky terms a new war with Germany. Where it will end no one can guess. It now looks as though it will require someone skilled in the art of legerdemain to spring up from the masses in Russia to lead them out of the horrible tangle.

May God help the poor Armenians now. The return of the Turks in Armenia since the withdrawal of the Russian Caucasian armies may be expected to plunge Armenia into a new chapter of atrocities and massacres. That the Turkish section in this direction will be met with no opposition from Germany may be gathered from the fact that the German newspapers recently printed several official Turkish communications bearing a close family resemblance to Turkish pronouncements which preceded the earlier Armenian massacres.

Seventy-one thousand boys and girls of school age last year increased the agricultural output of Ontario to the value of \$126,000. Every farm boy and girl this year should be encouraged to rear a pig, a calf, a batch of chickens, or to grow a plot of potatoes, beans, corn or vegetables.

The daylight-saving scheme is again on the so occupying the time and energies of councils, boards of trade, etc., through-

out Canada. When this matter is finally settled there should be a big midnight saving of oil and energy as well.

Government to Supply Seed Grain to Farmers

The government of Alberta proposes an act at the present session of the legislature empowering the municipalities and local improvement districts throughout the province to supply seed grain to farmers in their municipality of local improvement district who have been hauled out, or whose grain crop has been killed by drought during the past year. The government will arrange to improve these municipalities and local improvement districts at some chartered cost to obtain the money at reasonable rates, the municipality or local improvement district to receive the applications for seed grain and distribute the same, take the notes for it and make the collections when due.

The Seed Grain Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture has made purchases of seed grain throughout the province of Alberta and have this grain now stored in the Dominion elevators. The purchase and distribution of it is in charge of Mr. A. E. Wilson, of the Dominion Seed Branch, Regina, Sask. The secretary of each municipality or local improvement district will write Mr. Wilson at Regina and he will arrange for the delivery of the same. In the meantime, any secretary of a Rural Municipality, or a Local Improvement District who will write Mr. Wilson at Regina will get from him a circular giving the prices at which the Dominion government will sell the seed grain their proposition being to deliver it to the farmer as nearly as possible, at cost.

In the parts of the province outside of rural municipalities and local improvement districts the seed branch of the Provincial Department of Agriculture will arrange to supply seed grain to farmers whose crop has been so damaged during the year 1917 that they have the sufficient good seed to sow. It is important that farmers who require seed grain should communicate at once with the secretary of their Rural Municipality or local improvement district letting him know their wants and as soon as the legislature resumes its session, the necessary legislation will be introduced.

WHEN THE WAR WILL END.

Absolute knowledge I have not. But my aunt's washerwoman's sister's son. Heard a policeman on his beat say to a laborer in the street. That he had a letter just last week written in the finest Greek. From a Chinese cook in Timbuctoo. Who said the telegram in Giba navy. Of a colored man in a Texas town. Who got it straight from a circus clown.

That a man in Klimdkie heard the news. From a gang of South American Jews. About somebody from Boston. Who heard a man who claimed to know. Of a swell society female fake. Whose mother-in-law will undertake. To prove that her seventh husband's, sister's niece. Had failed in a private piece. That the hat's son who has a friend. That knows when the war is going to end.

C.N.R. ORDERED TO UNLOAD ALL WHEAT.

Two orders were issued by the board of grain supervisors on Feb. 15, the first that all cars of wheat shipped east from designated points in Alberta and Saskatchewan be unloaded by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company into the government elevator at Moose Jaw; while the second ordered deals with wheat shipments in transit over the Grand Trunk Pacific from points on the Moose Jaw north-west branch of the line, all of which it is stated would continue for at least a year, he declared. He was afraid that all carriage horses which had not been cut out of the line would have to be killed, while hunters would have to be sent to grass and clog there.

SHORAGER OF OATS.

According to a recent statement made by Mr. E. E. Prother, president of the board of agriculture, there were only enough oats available in British Columbia to feed working horses on reduced rations after making allowance for milking stocks. There was no concentrated feed for cattle feeding and this shortage would continue for at least a year, he declared. He was afraid that all carriage horses which had not been cut out of the line would have to be killed, while hunters would have to be sent to grass and clog there.

Grain Growers Want Compulsory Education

After a lengthy discussion on the language question in the schools, the Grain Growers of Saskatchewan affirmed their position of two years ago by passing the following resolution:

"Resolved, that the provincial government be asked to amend the education act to provide that every child in Saskatchewan be given, as a practical knowledge of the English language, that elementary school be brought under government control and inspection, and that an effective system of compulsory education be enacted. A further resolution was accepted, calling for a change in the school regulations. As they stand at present, a language other than English may be taught in the schools between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m. The request is now made by the association that this be changed to read that language other than English may be taught in the schools after 4 o'clock.

Out line Plan of League of Nations

Lord Robert Cecil, minister of blockades who announced in the house of commons recently that he himself had prepared a plan for a league of nations, discussed the whole problem, finally deciding to give a detailed outline of his plan, which, with the study of the problem had lead him. "The first and most important matter to be insisted by any league of nations, said Lord Robert, is that no nation shall go to war until the matter in dispute had been submitted to international consideration. If, after the league of nations get no further than this it will be worth while, and beginning would be made from which wider development is possible in due time.

A second point he emphasized was that, while for an ideal league it would be necessary to have all nations of the world as members, it may be found necessary to begin with a more restricted membership."

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THE STONER AGENCIES, REDCLIFF

GOVERNMENT TO REGISTER MAN POWER OF DOMINION.

Subsequent to a signing of the cabinet which the government shortly before midnight last Friday night, gave out an announcement as to its immediate policy in regard to labor. The government will not consider men for farm labor under the Military Service Act, but will take immediate steps to secure a registration of the man power of the Dominion. A classification of the industries of Canada will also be secured by the new war trade board. There will be no imposition of coile labor at present, with exception taken by the labor men, but this matter may be given further consideration at a later date. No restriction had been reached in regard to the conscription of alien labor.

OFFENSIVE PROMISED

DID NOT MATERIALIZE. Last Friday, the date set by the London German newspapers for the starting of the much advertised German offensive, has passed, and no aggression on the part of the enemy materialized. On the contrary, both the British and the French armies delivered at widely separated points on the western front smashes at the German line. These attacks, although they were merely in the nature of raids, were successfully carried out, and resulted in the capture of prisoners and the infliction of casualties on the enemy.

THINK PEACE WITH AUSTRIA IS NEAR

According to the lobby correspondent of the Daily News facts are known which bring the possibility of a separate peace between Austria-Hungary and the Entente Allies much nearer. Great reluctance, he says, is manifested in Austria toward the prospect of fighting British and American troops on the western front.

Kington Board of Trade will ask the foot board to prohibit entirely the consumption of bacon or hams, cured or smoked, in Canada until the end of the war.

PLUMBERS AND TINSMITHS

We having combined forces by entering into partnership, are now better able than ever to give prompt and efficient service to the public of Redcliff and district. We solicit your support and guarantee satisfaction, repairs promptly attended to, and prices moderate. Old stand, opposite Redcliff Garage, Second street. Emergency phone 19.

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First Class Accommodations.
Running Water in every Room.
GOOD BATH ROOMS
Bath at any time for 25c.
The only Place in Town to get
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REDCLIFF HOTEL

D. BROADFOOT, Mgr.

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QUARRY LODGE No. 78
A. F. & A. M.
Regular Conventions: First Tuesday of Each Month.
Visiting Brothers Welcome.
W. H. COUNTELL, T. J. ANDALL, Secretary, Master.

SONS OF ENGLAND BENEFIT SOCIETY.

LODGE ROSEBERRY No. 116.
Meets on second Tuesday in Green's Hall.
Visiting Brothers Welcome.
T. CONGLAM, president.
R. EYRETT, Secretary, Master.

I. O. O. F. REDCLIFF LODGE, No. 90.

Meets in Reid's Hall every Wednesday evening at 7:30.
Visiting Brothers Welcome.
GEO. ABBOTT, N. G.
E. P. ARGUE, P. G.
Sec. Rec., Box 222.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. E. W. BROWN,
Physician and Surgeon
REDCLIFF, ALBERTA
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Dr. J. Cleary Wray
Will be in his office every day until further notice. Office Sykes block, Third street.
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REDCLIFF, Alberta.
Phone 79.

A. B. CLOW

Barrister and Solicitor,
Notary Public, Etc.
Hall Block, over Post Office.

AUDITORS.

Henderson & Reid, chartered accountants, Winnipeg, Medicine Hat, Lethbridge, Auditors, Town of Redcliff. Audit, Investigations, Systematic Costing, Assignments, Real Estate, Liquors, Suits, 207 Havelock Building, Medicine Hat. Phone 721, P. O. Box 473, R. J. Ritchie Patterson, C. A., manager.

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THIS IS

A REAL SALE OF MEN'S FURNISHINGS

We are Not Marking Goods Up and Then Marking Them Down; But rather than carry them over we are going to give you the benefit of Profits and Advance Prices. Will you be able to buy these goods next year at Any Price?

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Men's and Boys' Caps, Fur-lined, fast color; value up \$2.25; any cap in the store

\$1.09

Boys' Caps; value up to \$1.25; any cap in the store

68c

Sheep Skin Coats

High quality; leather trimmed; extra good quality duck; wide collars; value \$18.00; sale price

\$10.98

Sweater Coats

MONARCH KNIT

Plain wool, knit, brown; value \$3.75; sale

\$2.48

Plain wool, knit, fawn and grey; value \$5.50; sale

\$3.79

Fancy brown; value \$7.00; sale

\$5.68

Jumbo; value \$8.00; sale

\$6.98

Value \$10.00; sale

\$8.38

Men's Neckwear

Value 50c and up; your choice

18c

Suspenders

Suspenders, President; value 50c and 75c, for

25c

Men's Rubbers

Men's Rubbers, old stock,

50c

Mackinaw Coats

Long pure wool, large shawl collar, large pockets and buttoned; belt all around and lined; Pleated back; this is a high grade coat and fast colors; next year's value \$18.00; sale price

\$8.98

Dress Shirts

Fancy and plain stripe; fast colors; new stiff cuff; W. G. R. and Forsyth; \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25 values; Sale price

\$1.08

Underwear

Men's Pure wool heavy undershirts; present value \$2.45; sale price

\$1.25

Pants

Men's mixed tweed; value \$3.00; sale

\$2.00

Value \$3.75; sale

\$2.78

Corduroy Pants; value \$6.00; sale

\$3.89

OVERALLS—Striped, bibbed, brass trimmed; pockets and braces; sale

\$1.25

Work Shirts

Overall shirt—stripe, brass trimmed; \$1.75; sale

98c

This Shirt is worth two.

Buckskin cloth, wool lined; regular \$2.25; sale

\$1.26

Black, wool lined; regular \$1.75; sale price

89c

Grey Wool; regular \$1.00; sale price

\$1.14

Fancy-stripe duck; regular \$1.50; sale

77c

All Shirts guaranteed fast color. This is worth something.

Gloves and Mitts

Leather; sale price

58c

Mitts; work; leather; sale

68c

Men's Visi Kid Shoes from \$10.00 down to \$3.50

Headquarters for House of Hobberlin Tailor-Made Clothes. Tailors to the Canadian Gentlemen

BROADWAY DEPARTMENT STORE, Ltd., REDCLIFF

